

09. How global mechanisms for supply chain contribute to availability of TB medicines at Community level

Wednesday, 29 October 2014, 09:00 - 17:00

Room 124



Type	Workshop
Track	Tuberculosis
Topic	TB and non communicable diseases/co morbidities (non HIV)
Organised by	Global Drug Facility and USAID's System for Improved Access to Pharmaceuticals and Services project
Duration	Full-day
Max attendees	60
Meeting type	Open meeting
Description	Global mechanisms such as GDF, WHO and Global Fund have immensely contributed to TB service provision and outcome at community level. GDF provided over 23 million first-line treatments valued at approximately 1 billion dollars (2002-2013) and over 100,000 second-line treatments (2007-2013) to more than 110 countries for their communities. USAID SIAPS project has worked with NTPs and counterparts to build capacity and strengthen TB supply chain systems to ensure access to medicines and services at community level. This workshop will discuss strategies and tools to improve access at community level.
Target audience	NTP managers, provincial or district TB coordinators, TB consultants, international and local partner organisations involved in TB programme, donors' representatives.
Objectives	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Describe concrete approaches contributing to availability of quality assured TB medicines at community level 2. Share country experiences of technical support and impact on availability of TB medicines at community level
Expected outcome	At the end of the workshop, participants will be expected to learn about available approaches, solutions and tools that can enhance community-based interventions to ensure availability of TB commodities and services.
Keywords	Global Drug Facility; GDF; SIAPS; Management Sciences for Health; MSH; TB medicines; pharmaceuticals; access; stock-out; supply chain;
Coordinator(s)	Kaspars Lunte (Switzerland), Chinwe Owunna (USA)
Chair(s)	Andre Zagorski (USA), Joel Keravec (Switzerland)
Presentations	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. GDF's model and evolving landscape of global mechanisms for TB medicine supply to ensure availability of quality assured medicines at the community Joel Keravec (Switzerland), Kaspars Lunte (Switzerland) 2. Strengthening the capacity of national TB programmes to ensure zero stock-out of TB medicines at the community level Thierry Cordier-Iassalle (Switzerland), Salama Mwatawala (Tanzania, United Rep.) 3. Enhancing the capacity of TB/HIV providers to promote safety of TB medicines at the community level Nomsa Shongwe (Swaziland), Chinwe Owunna (USA) 4. Community based retail outlets to enhance early case detection of TB infection Ayyaz Kiani (Pakistan), Edmund Rutta (USA) 5. QuanTB: forecasting, quantification and early warning for stock-outs at all levels of health system Andre Zagorski (USA), Mohammad Kibria (Bangladesh) 6. Are global mechanisms contributing to equitable access to TB medicine at community level? Andrea De Lucia (Switzerland), Salama Mwatawala (Tanzania, United Rep.)